



**ONE-DAY NATIONAL SEMINAR
ON
MARGINALISATION IN INDIA:
SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS AND
CONSTITUTIONAL PERSPECTIVE**

November 17, 2023

Organized by

UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF LEGAL STUDIES

**PANJAB UNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH &
INDIAN COUNCIL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH
(Hybrid Mode)**

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ABOUT PANJAB UNIVERSITY

Established in 1882 in Lahore, Panjab University is one of the oldest Universities in India. The university has 75 teaching and research departments and 15 centres/chairs for teaching and research at the main campus located at Chandigarh. It has 188 affiliated colleges spread over Punjab, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Chandigarh and Regional Centres at Muktsar, Ludhiana and Hoshiarpur. The University has been incorporated for the purposes, among others, of imparting education in Arts, Letters, Science and the learned professions and of furthering advancement of learning, the prosecution of original research, with power to appoint University Professors, Readers and Lecturers, to hold and manage educational endowments, to erect, equip and maintain University colleges, libraries, laboratories and museums, to making regulations relating to the residence and conduct of students and to do all such acts as tend to promote study and research. University has exclusive sport facilities, aiming to incorporate infrastructure for all sports. One of the main highlights of the University is the AC. Joshi Library. With state-of-the-art infrastructure, the library houses more than 8,00,000 books and periodicals. The student, staff and faculty all endeavour together to ensure that the University stays at the very top for the years to come.

ABOUT UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF LEGAL STUDIES

University Institute of Legal Studies (UILS) was established in 2004-05 with the aim of providing quality education and training in the legal profession. During a short span of time, UILS has become one of the premier institutions in the country for providing legal education. The stimulating and interactive academic environment of the Institute helps to hone the Drafting, Research, Advocacy, Interviewing and Negotiating skills of the students. While the faculty sets a standard that well serves the expectations of the students, the students are trained in essence of the substantive laws, techniques of procedural laws, methods of client counseling and skills in legal and social sciences research etc. The Institute also exposes its students to the 'law in action' through compulsory internships with Hon'ble Judges of Supreme Court, Punjab and Haryana High Court, eminent lawyers, legal firms, various commissions and NGOs etc. The Institute's own Legal Aid Clinic provides free legal services to the economically weaker sections of the society as a part of community outreach programme of the Institute. The Institute provides state-of-the-art infrastructure to facilitate a sound learning experience for its students.

ABOUT SEMINAR

Marginalisation is a global problem that impacts negatively upon societies across the world. Marginalisation usually talks of social inequality in the form of a hierarchy where one is at the topmost level and the other may be at the lowest ebb. Marginalisation has been conventionally conceived in a specific societal context with distinctive connotations to delineate social groups living in peripheral, adverse situations at times with alleged negative attributes. However, in the present-day changing scenario, the concept of marginalisation has undergone several new alterations. Consequently, the efforts of circumscribing marginalities in terms of singularity of criterion and limiting it to specific locale are gradually losing their hold in the wake of the fast transition of society. The Constitution lays down the principles that make our society and polity democratic. As far as the marginalised are concerned, they have been subjected to the worst type of societal exploitation like poverty, low levels of education, poor health, reduced access to healthcare services, gender-based deprivation, etc. The continued discrimination based on caste also poses a major threat to an egalitarian set of society and nation. The exclusion of minorities from the labor force is becoming politically and economically unsustainable for many states which are struggling to retain their legitimacy and strengthen their competitive potential in an increasingly global marketplace. Furthermore, disasters and subsequent recovery efforts often reinforce social inequality and marginalisation, hampering sustainable development paths. Moreover, groups such as the elderly and migrants also receive ad-hoc support from state and civil society actors and confront marginalisation. There are specific laws and policies for the marginalised in our country. Some policies/schemes emerge through other means like setting up a committee or governmental/non-governmental organization (national as well as international) or by undertaking a survey etc. The Judiciary then tries to execute and promote such policies to give opportunities to specific groups. Marginalised chunk of the society looks up to the Constitution of India to address their concerns. Moreover, social media and the internet have opened up new forms of empowerment and oppression that may particularly affect the lives of the marginalised. Sometimes social media are a means for marginalised individuals or groups to address insufficient resources and barriers to participation in mainstream. Some marginalised groups could not access even state support, as various aspects of their diversity were not adequately considered. Those who are marginalised in facing natural hazards because of weak and unsustainable livelihoods also often prove poorly able to recover from their present status. Thus, Marginalisation has remained to be a persistent phenomenon in one form or the other despite rapid social and economic transition in society. An analytical examination with a holistic perspective is imperative to describe various aspects of marginalisation in our country and a relative picture with an international perspective is the need of the hour.

SUB THEMES

The seminar will provide a platform to deliberate and propose suggestions on the following issues:

- Determinants of Marginalisation
- Cross-border /Illegal migration and marginalization
- Historical vision of marginalisation and Legislative framework worldwide
- Role of Judiciary in protecting the interest of Marginalised Community
- Role of State: Formulation and Implication of Policies regarding marginalisation
- Role of NGO and Policy makers
- Role of Financial Institutions in upliftment of Marginal Communities
- Reservation Policy: Appraisal and further needs
- Social Exclusion and Social inclusion
- Social media and marginalisation
- Growth and Problems of Marginalised Groups
- Empowering Marginalised Community
- Poverty, Deprivation and Marginalisation
- Gender, religion and Caste based marginalisation
- Racism: Concept and Consequences
- Globalisation, Privatisation and Marginalisation
- Externalities causing Marginalisation vis-à-vis Multi-dimensional Role of Government Institutions
- Domains of Marginalisation: Social, Ecological, Financial, Geographical
- Development of Underprivileged and Neglected Areas
- Empowering Minorities through reforms in Legal, Social and Economic Institutions
- Horizontal and Vertical Inequalities in Developing Countries
- Economic Mobility in Social and Cultural Perspective
- Natural Disaster and Marginalisation
- Public Policies and Regional Disparities as a Root Cause of Marginalisation
- Marginalisation in International Perspective

(Any other theme connected/related with the above-mentioned issues is also open for deliberation)

CALL FOR PAPERS

Research Papers are invited from the academicians, practitioners, research scholars and students on the issues related to the theme. Authors of the selected abstracts will be given an opportunity to present their papers during the seminar. Full papers submitted on or before the last date of submission shall be considered for publication. The quality based selected papers will be published in the form of a Book bearing ISBN.

SUBMISSION GUIDELINES

Authors are requested to adhere to the following guidelines to facilitate the submission process.

Guidelines for Abstract Submission:

An abstract must not exceed 250-300 words and to be sent as an attachment through GOOGLE FORM ONLY latest by **November 5, 2023** with the following information:

1. Name(s) of the Author(s)
2. Designation and Institutional Affiliation
3. Contact Address and Email Id
4. Title of the Research Paper
5. Abstract

LINK FOR GOOGLE FORM: - <https://forms.gle/LhET656nt7fYLM8a7>

Selected abstracts will be acknowledged by **November 7, 2023** on provided E-mail address.

After selection of Abstract, the participants are requested to pay the fees and share the proof of the same on seminaruils23@gmail.com before November 17, 2023.

Guidelines for Full Length Paper Submission:

Maximum word limit: 4000 words (Exclusive of footnotes)

Citation: ILI pattern of footnoting

Font: Times New Roman, 12pt, 1.5 spacing

Footnote: Times New Roman, 10pt, 1.0 spacing Alignment: Justified

Authors are requested to send their full papers to seminaruils23@gmail.com latest by November 17, 2023.

Registration Fee for the Delegates:

- Faculty Members, Academicians and Professionals: Rs. 500/-
- Research Scholars/Student: Rs. 300/-
- Co-author: Rs. 300/-

Mode of Payment:

The registration fee should be deposited in the form of demand draft made in the favour of
DIRECTOR, UILS, PANJAB UNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH on or before November 17, 2023.

For NET-BANKING/NEFT:

NAME OF THE ACCOUNT HOLDER- Director, UILS PU CHD
NAME OF THE BANK- State Bank of India, P.U., Chandigarh
ACCOUNT NO- 10444979993
IFSC CODE- SBIN0000742

Note- Authors are required to share the transaction details receipt through email only. In case of the Demand Draft, Scanned copy of Demand Draft is required and the hard copy shall be collected on the day of seminar only.

- Last date for registration and full paper submission is November 15, 2023
- No TA/DA will be provided to delegates/paper presenters.
- Delegates have to arrange their own accommodation.
- Paper Presentation is mandatory, no paper shall be deemed to be read.

Note:- Seminar shall be conducted in Hybrid mode. Participants would be required to make a request for online participation.

For any further assistance, write an email to seminaruils23@gmail.com Or,

Contact:-+918360494804.